

Jakubas D., Michno B., Nitecki Cz., Ulatowska J. 2002. *Report on passerines ringed in the „Lake Drużno” reserve in 1999-2001*. Ring 24, 2: 77-82.

Abstract

In the seasons 1999, 2000 and 2001, in the southern part of the „Lake Drużno” reserve (54°05'N 19°27'E) passerines were caught and ringed. In these seasons this site worked in co-operation with the SE European Bird Migration Network (SEEN). 22-23 mist-nets were situated in the same places as in the previous seasons (Jakubas et al. 1999), that means mainly in the reedbeds (*Phragmitetum communis*) and willow thickets (*Salix spp.*).

The field data were collected from the end of July to the end of the first decade of September (see Table 1), what covers almost whole autumn migration period of birds from genus *Acrocephalus*. Beside ringing and measuring, directional preferences of birds were tested with Busses field method (Busse 1995).

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In total, 1756-3006 birds from 51-54 species were ringed at Lake Drużno ringing site (Table 1). In majority birds of reedbed were caught. Three species were distinctly most numerous: Reed Warbler (*Acrocephalus scirpaceus*), Sedge Warbler (*A. schoenobaenus*) and Marsh Warbler (*A. palustris*) - in total 1011 (in 1999), 1748 (in 2000) and 864 individuals (in 2001) - what constitutes respectively 47.7%, 58.2% and 49.2% of all birds ringed. This group of birds was also represented by Savi Warbler (*Locustella luscinioides*), Reed Bunting (*Emberiza schoeniclus*) and Great Reed Warbler (*Acrocephalus arundinaceus*). The total number of caught birds from the whole group was 1223 (57.7%), 1999 (66.5%) and 1053 (60.0%) in subsequent seasons.

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